

# THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.

No 48, Vol. 2.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 6, 1862.

Price 6d. or 12 cts.

## The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEPT. 6.

### SABBATH OBSERVANCE.

It is with intense satisfaction we have to direct the attention of our readers to a Proclamation to be found elsewhere, entitled "Sunday Observance Act, 1862," making the statutory law of England in regard to the Sabbath the law of this Colony. It is not often that Governor Douglas indulges us with an opportunity to compliment him upon his Acts. And we feel all the greater pleasure, on the present occasion, in awarding to him that mode of praise to which this Act entitles him at the hands of every right-thinking man and woman between the Gulf of Georgia and the Rocky Mountains. Why this simple step was not taken in '58, we are really at a loss to imagine. Why four years of the history of British Columbia should be darkened and disgraced by the total absence of a Sabbath law, is most unaccountable. One would have thought that the Representative of Her Britannic Majesty in this Colony would have distinguished his debut by inaugurating a good and thorough Sabbath law; and more especially so as that Representative happens to be a gentleman who conforms strictly to the outward forms at least of evangelical Christianity. We can only account for this extraordinary procrastination by the exercise of all the charity we possess, and assume that it was only from "doubts having recently arisen" upon the subject, that His Excellency has been made aware of the real shape of the question under consideration. But to take this position would simply be to shift the blame upon the magistracy of the Colony, as had they done their duty, the doubts must have arisen years ago. We have no doubt that much—very much—of the blame does lie at the door of the magistracy, and for the sake of the Governor we might feel disposed to adopt this view of the subject; but in doing so we are met by another difficulty. How could His Excellency possibly have, during these four years, been living in blissful ignorance of the fact that the Lord's Day was totally disregarded, and most openly and wantonly desecrated in this Colony, when that fact has been so often pressed upon his notice in these columns? We know he is in a great measure a stranger to the country, living, as he does, on the other side of the Gulf of Georgia, in another Colony, which might be deemed sufficient to account for his just having discovered that we were destitute of a Sabbath law. But we can hardly be justified in assuming that, although on account of his non-residence in the Colony, and the unfaithfulness of the magistracy, he might not have arrived at a knowledge of the deplorable state of this important question through these sources—we say we can hardly be justified in assuming that he does not peruse the "British Columbian." But we had almost forgotten that this is hardly a fitting occasion for indulging in this strain. We, on behalf of the people, feel thankful to His Excellency for this Act, even if it has been long delayed. And now it rests with the magistrates to enforce the law; for unless that be done, the mere enactment of it will be but mockery. It is to be hoped the Governor has instructed every magistrate in the land in reference to this important duty. We have taken occasion to state that had a Sabbath law been promulgated at the first there would have been little difficulty experienced in enforcing it, as everybody expected such a law, and many foreigners expressed surprise at the total absence of any such law in a British Colony. And even now, late though it be, if from the Governor down, a firm stand be taken, and it is distinctly understood that the law will be rigidly enforced, we feel confident that a most marked improvement will be the immediate result. Taking a deep interest in this subject, we shall closely and anxiously watch the action under this law of those who should be a terror to evil-doers, and a praise and protection to those that do well.

HOLLOWAY'S PILLS—The greatest plague of life. Mankind at large have experienced the horror of indigestion. No description of the malady is required, for all have recognized it in one or other of its many forms. Let it be known as the greatest comfort to sufferers from disordered digestion, that no medicine acts so mildly, and yet affords such immediate relief, as Holloway's renowned PILLS. Young and old, rich and poor, active and sedentary, daily bear undoubted testimony to their safe and efficient action. One trial secures their future patronage. To all travellers, subjected to variable climates, differing diets, and necessarily irregular habits, these peerless PILLS will prove a boon. Neither time, nor temperature produce any deterioration of their ingredients.

## Victoria Advertisements.

### STATIONERY

Counting House, Official, Printers, AND FOR GENERAL USES, Of every conceivable style and quality, STAPLE and FANCY.

### Wrapping Papers,

Of various sizes, weights, textures, and colors;

Drawing, Lithographic, Carriage, Blotting, Tissue, Copying, and Tracing Papers and Cloths;

### Sheet and Manuscript

### MUSIC,

Sacred, Sentimental and Comic, bound and unbound.

### COAST CHARTS, CARIBOO MAPS,

Mathematical Instruments, Gold Pens

### Pocket Cutlery.

### BOOKS,

SCHOOL, STANDARD, MISCELLANEOUS, AND ORNAMENTAL.

### New Publications

Received as issued by first conveyance.

HIBBEN & CARSWELL,

STATIONER'S HALL.

### Furniture! Furniture!!

BY LATE ARRIVALS, the undersigned have received additions to their hitherto well-assorted stock of Furniture, and now offer:

Painted Sets—10 pieces;  
Extension Tables—8 and 10 feet long;  
Centre Tables—serpentine, and round tops, assorted sizes;

Card Tables—harp and square pillars;  
Common Tables—2, 3 and 3½ long;  
Bedsteads—Mahogany, French, Cottage, double and single;

Lounges—spring seats, in damask and leather covers;  
Sofas—spring seats, hair cloth with round and pill low ends;

Desks—with full and door fronts;  
Cheffoniers—walnut and mahogany, carved front, shelves, and fret work;

Bureaus—one-half marble top, scroll, and painted pine, four and six drawers;  
What-nots—walnut and mahogany, 5 and 6 shelves;

Mirrors—in gilt and mahogany frames, assorted sizes, for parlors, chambers, and saloons;  
Children's Cribs and Cradles—Also high and low chairs, assorted sizes;

Chairs—mahogany, haircloth, spring seats, cane and wood seat, office, oak, dining, Grecian cane, heavy bar-room, and common wood seat;

Rockers—spring seats, mahogany and cane seats and backs, sewing and arm;

Sinks—washstands, chair cushions, coverlets, towel racks, willow cribs, &c.

### BEDDING.

Fulu, curled hair, moss, wool, and straw mattresses, best feather pillows, all sizes; in the manufacture of which we use only the best materials, and guarantee all our work.

Broad-street, between Yates and View streets, no21-2c

### W. CULVERWELL,

General Agency for the Collection of Rents and Debts, INTELLIGENCE OFFICE, Money Loaned on Good Security, ADVANCES MADE ON LIVE STOCK, Book-keeping, Documents Copied, &c.

In cases requiring a Power of Attorney, security will be furnished. Office—up stairs, corner Yates and Langley streets, Victoria. my24 3m

### W. M. SEARBY,

IMPORTER OF PATENT MEDICINES, PAINTS AND OILS, WINDOW GLASS, &c., GOVERNMENT STREET, ap24 VICTORIA, V. I. 6m

SELIM FRANKLIN & CO., Auctioneers and Land Agents, YATES STREET, VICTORIA, V. I.

Town Lots for Sale in New Westminster and Victoria. mar28

### EDGAR MARVIN,

SUCCESSOR TO James Bell, Brick Store, Corner Fort and Langley Sts., VICTORIA, V. I. IMPORTER AND JOBBER OF

### HARDWARE,

—AND— MINING IMPLEMENTS. ap30 6m

## Victoria Advertisements.

### THE CHARTERED BANK.

British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

INCORPORATED BY ROYAL CHARTER.

Capital - - - - - \$1,250,000.

In 12,500 shares of \$100 each, with power to increase.

### COURT OF DIRECTORS.

T. W. L. MACKENZIE, Esq., (late of Turner & Co., China), Chairman.

James Bonar, Esq., (Messrs. Smith & Co., London), Edeu Colville, Esq., Fenchurch Buildings, London.

Lewis Fraser, Esq., (of J. & L. Fraser & Co., London, and of MacLaine, Fraser & Co., Singapore).

Robert Gillespie, Esq., (Messrs. Gillespie, Moffat & Co., London).

Duncan James Kay, Esq., (Messrs. Kay, Finlay & Co., London).

Alexander Mackenzie, Esq., (Director of the Oriental Bank, etc.).

Henry McChery, Esq., (Messrs. Cavan, Lubbock & Co., London).

Martin Ridley Smith, Esq., 1 Lombard street, London.

(With power to add to their number.)

London Office, No. 80 Lombard street.

James Napier, Secretary and Manager. Victoria Office.

James D. Walker, Manager. George Cruickshank, Accountant.

The business of the Victoria branch of this Bank will commence as soon as suitable premises can be obtained.

CURRENT ACCOUNTS may then be opened for any amount, and every facility will be granted to Traders and others for the transaction of business.

DISCOUNTS AND ADVANCES: Approved bills will be discounted, and advances made upon bills of lading (accompanied by Policies of Insurance) for goods shipped from Victoria to Great Britain to any part of the United Kingdom or the Colonies.

DRAFTS AND LETTERS OF CREDIT will be issued on Great Britain and the Colonies, also on New York and San Francisco, and bills on these places will be purchased or sent for collection.

GOVERNMENT OR OTHER SECURITIES received for safe custody, and the interest thereon collected for account of constituents.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager. New Westminster, August 11th, 1862. au13ic

### THE

### Chartered Bank.

British Columbia and Vancouver Island.

A temporary Agency of this Bank will be opened in New Westminster as soon as practicable.

JAMES D. WALKER, Manager. New Westminster, August 11th, 1862. au13ic

### BANK OF BRITISH NORTH AMERICA.

ESTABLISHED IN 1836.

Incorporated by Royal Charter in 1840.

CAPITAL - - - - - \$5,000,000.

SPECIAL DEPOSITS RECEIVED, at charge for safe keeping of 25 cents per \$100 per month, repayable on demand.

GOLD DUST RECEIVED for safe-keeping at the rate of 5 cents per oz. per month.

DRAFTS ISSUED ON LONDON at 60 days' sight, at the rate of \$4.95 per £1 sterling.

Do. for small sums, payable 3 days after sight, at \$5.10 per £1 sterling.

Drafts on demand issued on the Provincial Bank of Ireland and the National Bank of Scotland on all Towns where these Banks have Offices. Rate, \$5.15 per £1 sterling.

Drafts on New York and the principal cities in the North American Provinces are issued at 3 days' sight, at the following rates:

New York - - - - - 3 per cent. prem.  
Canada - - - - - 4 " " "  
New Brunswick - - - - - 4 " " "  
Nova Scotia - - - - - 2½ " " "

Drafts issued on Messrs. B. Davidson & May, San Francisco.

On Bills lodged for collection, if payable in Victoria, a commission of ½ per cent.

Bills of Exchange purchased and ordinary Banking business transacted.

J. G. SHEPHERD, Manager. m28 3m

Victoria, 19th May, 1862.

### G. VIGNOLO & CO.,

No. 2, Reid's Block, Wharf Street, IMPORTERS AND DEALERS IN

GROCERIES & PROVISIONS, —ALSO— Importers and Agents for the best brands of French Wines and Liquors, and receive direct shipments of Havana Cigars by every steamer. jy12

## Victoria Advertisements.

### HENRY NATHAN

OFFERS FOR SALE THE UNDERMENTIONED Goods at

San Francisco Prices,

Being balance of the cargo of the "Onward."

### GROCERIES.

Rice—No. 1 Batavia, equal to Carolina;

Coffee—Manilla and Java, best qualities;

Sugar—Mauritius Crystallized;

Tea—Breakfast Congou, small boxes;

Currie Powders—E. I.;

Soy—In 1 doz. cases;

French Plums—4 lb. bottles;

Olives—Spanish;

Raisins—Muscatel Layers;

Almonds—Soft Shell;

Candles—English Sperm;

Castor Oil—in 5 gal. tins, E. I. best quality;

Cinnamon, Cloves, Mustard, &c. &c.

### LIQUORS.

Hennessey's Brandy—Pale, in 1 doz. cases;

Port Wine—Old, in 1 dozen cases;

Champagne—CLARET, &c. &c.;

Ale—Allsopp's Pale;

Muir's Scotch;

Porter—Chambers';

Marretti's.

### DRAPERY AND CLOTHING.



**THE BRITISH COLUMBIAN.**  
This journal is published every Wednesday and Saturday, at the office, Lytton Square, New Westminster. Single copy, price 6d., or 12c. Terms per quarter, 10s., or \$2.50; half-yearly, 18s., or \$4.50; and yearly \$10s., or \$25.00. Subscriptions must be paid in advance.  
Copies of this paper can be had at the Book Store of Mr. S. T. Tilley, Columbia-street.

**ADVERTISING RATES.**  
Transient Advertisements, 2 inches and under, \$2 first insertion, and one dollar each subsequent insertion. Over two inches, \$3 per inch for first insertion; and half dollar for each subsequent insertion. Special contracts with regular advertisers.  
Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be sent in before noon of the day before publication.  
All Advertisements for insertion in the BRITISH COLUMBIAN must be paid in advance. Those for longer periods than one month are required to be paid each month in advance.  
All Advertisements, unless the time for which they are to be inserted is specified, will be continued until ordered out, and so charged.

## The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEPT. 6.

### MINING NEWS.

Advices from Cariboo are to the 21st ultimo. The supply of provisions was abundant, and prices had experienced a considerable decline—as low as 60c. in some localities. But relief had come too late for many, as they had paid out their last dollar and could get no credit, in consequence of which they were obliged to abandon or have their claims laid over, and come down. The forwarding of grub to Cariboo this season has been characterized by an extraordinary amount of bungling. For days nothing but flour could be had, and then fresh beef, minus the flour. Men have subsisted for days upon a few cups of coffee, without anything else. Hugh McMahon was killed at Williams Creek on the 15th ult., under the following circumstances: A dispute having arisen between several men in Almey's Saloon, the proprietor thrust him out upon the piazza, from which he fell, and a number of others falling on top of him his spine was broken, resulting in death the following day. He was a native of Dublin, Ireland.  
It was rumored that Bill Hill, a notorious gambler, had shot Smith, one of Steel's partners, on the 21st ult., on Williams Creek. The bullet entered below the fourth rib; result not known. Hill is believed to have effected his escape. Billy Barker had struck the lead on Williams Creek on the 24th ult. The Canyon, at a depth of 52 feet obtaining \$5 to the pan. Commissioner O'Riley is very popular, all his proceedings being characterized by promptitude and the most rigid impartiality. Considerable numbers continue to come down, nearly all admitting that they are confident the gold is there in abundance, but that it was beyond their reach, owing to the scarcity of provisions.

### THE WAR.

By the arrival of the steamship Pacific at Esquimalt harbor on the morning of the 31st inst., we are placed in possession of two days' later news than that brought by the str. Shubrick. The intelligence from the seat of war is up to August 27th, and is somewhat important. The following is a condensed summary:

CHICAGO, August 27.—11.30 A.M.  
St. Louis, August 26.—The Democrat learns that on Thursday last Rosekrans left Corinth. The army, 30,000 or 40,000 strong, proceeded southward towards Lincoln, where about 15,000 rebels were lying under Armstrong. Price is at Tupelo, with 25,000 men. It is probable that on being threatened, Price and Armstrong will combine and give Rosekrans battle. The withdrawal of the forces under Rosekrans will not leave Crinthe exposed, as enough men will remain for all emergencies.

NEW YORK, August 27.—The Tribune's correspondent says that in the rebel attack on Cattle Station, \$4,000 belonging to the Quartermaster's Department were taken. A captain in Burnell's legion, lying hid in a house near the railroad track, heard Gen. Stewart give positive orders to spare McDowell's baggage train, but seize Pope's and destroy whatever was not of public importance. The order was implicitly obeyed, although McDowell's wagons were close at hand.

Our gunboats have captured a rebel steamer, laden with 5,000 stand of arms, near Milliken's Bend. The arms were destined for Hindman, at Little Rock, Ark.  
CHICAGO, August 26, 12 M.—The report that Fort Donelson was abandoned, seems to have been premature. A despatch from the operator (telegraphic) at Paducah, says that Fort Donelson was attacked by 700 rebels yesterday, and that after an engagement of an hour they were repulsed with the loss of 30 killed and wounded. The Federal loss was two wounded.

Our troops now in Missouri are everywhere living on the rebels, in accordance with recent orders.

Rebel Marylanders in large numbers have crossed into Virginia.

NEW YORK, August 25.—The rebels attempted to cross the Rappahannock on the night of the 21st. Three rebel regiments rushed across a temporary bridge, and no sooner had they crossed than Sigel's battery opened upon the bridge, and the fourth shot completely demolished it, at the same time a deadly fire of musketry assailed the rebels in front. Their retreat was cut off, and nearly 2,000 are said to have been captured. About four hundred were killed and wounded. The enemy having failed in this, strove to outflank Sigel by crossing at French Ford, but reinforcements were ordered up, and the enemy was repulsed.

CINCINNATI, Aug. 26.—The rebels in the attack at Fort Donelson yesterday had 4,500 infantry, 350 cavalry and two field-pieces. The Federal force was only 4 companies.

A despatch from Lexington says that there is no occasion for alarm about Gen. Morgan's position at Cumberland Gap. A courier just arrived reports a fear of starvation. The rebels are 15,000 strong in front and 30,000 in the rear, under Bragg, Lloyd and Kirby Smith.

The enemy expect to starve General Morgan out, but no fears of this are entertained, as he has 30 days' forage and provisions.

LATER.

The following dispatch was received via Portland, overland:

CHICAGO, Aug. 27.—Lexington, Ky., 25th. A

messenger from Richmond, Ky., reports on Saturday morning, Col. Metcalf, with 900 cavalry and two companies of Tennessee infantry was attacked by Scott's rebel cavalry, numbering 2,500, with two pieces of artillery, at Big Hill, five miles from Richmond. Metcalf's forces retreated to Richmond. Scott demanded surrender of Richmond. Metcalf sent back word that if he wanted the town he must fight for it. 3,000 Federal infantry then came up, and Metcalf left them in Richmond while he pursued the rebels across Rock Castle River.

Nothing further from Metcalf. His loss in skirmishes was fifty killed, wounded and missing. Scott's loss unknown.

PHILADELPHIA, August 27.—The Press of this city has a rumor that Gen. Sigel shot General McDowell through the head on the battle-field at Warrenton. The news comes from Baltimore.

The position of the Federal army is as follows: The line of the Rappahannock is securely held from Fredericksburg to Warrenton, a distance of 40 miles. This is 56 miles from the Federal Capital. The right wing under Sigel is easily reached by railroad, and the left wing via Aquia Creek. McClellan's army is re-organizing near Alexandria. The publication of the number of the forces is not allowed, but must be large.

EUROPEAN.  
The Italian moderate journals condemn the course of Garibaldi. It is generally believed that the 25th of August is fixed for his demonstration, throughout Italy, against Francis II.

### New Advertisements.

## COLUMBIA THEATRE.

(Late Eldorado.)

This Evening, Saturday, Sept. 6th.

### PROFESSOR BUSHELL

Encouraged by the renewed interest manifested by a large audience, on Thursday, has resolved to give another display of his mysterious powers, demonstrative of perhaps the most extraordinary phenomena of the age.

### ELECTRO-BIOLOGY.

This evening will positively terminate his visit to British Columbia, as he leaves on Monday for California on route for California.  
RESERVED SEATS, 50 CENTS.  
Half price to Children.—To commence at 8 o'clock.

### Arrival of the "Lockett."

### HENDERSON & BURNABY

ARE NOW LANDING FROM ABOVE VESSEL,  
**DIRECT FROM LONDON.**  
WINES, SPIRITS AND BEER, favorite brands,  
PROVISIONS AND OILMAN'S STORES,  
HARDWARE, a large assortment,  
CLOTHING AND HOSIERY, of every description,  
FINE AND FANCY GOODS,  
BLANKETS, 2 1/2 point White,  
WAX MATCHES AND WOODEN CONCREVES,  
BOILED AND RAW OIL, in barrels,  
PORTLAND CEMENT, best quality,  
CANDLES, Belmont, Sperm and Neva Stearine,  
PLAYING CARDS and BAGATELLE BOARDS,  
WINDOW-GLASS and TIN PLATES,  
SADDLES, BRIDLES, &c., &c.  
Wharf-street, Victoria.  
se6 1m

## British Columbia.

### PROCLAMATION.

No. 6, A. D. 1862.

By His Excellency JAMES DOUGLAS, Companion of the Most Honorable Order of the Bath, Governor and Commander-in-Chief of British Columbia and its Dependencies, Vice-Admiral of the same, &c., &c.

Whereas, under and by virtue of an Act of Parliament, made and passed in the session of Parliament held in the 21st and 22nd years of the reign of Her Majesty Queen Victoria, entitled an Act to provide for the Government of British Columbia, and by a Commission under the Great Seal of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland, I, JAMES DOUGLAS, have been appointed Governor of the said colony, and have been authorized by Proclamation under the Public Seal of the said Colony, to make laws, institutions and ordinances, for the peace, order and good government of the same.

And whereas doubts have arisen whether the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th day of November, A. D. 1858, imports into the said Colony the laws in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's Day.

And whereas for the better observance of the same it is expedient that all such doubts should be removed. Now therefore I do hereby declare, proclaim and enact as follows:

Declares the English Sunday laws to be in force here.

I. The law, statutory and otherwise, and the penalties for the enforcement thereof as at present existing and in force in England for the proper observance of the Lord's Day, commonly called Sunday, shall be deemed and taken to have been included in the Proclamation made and passed on the 19th November, A. D. 1858, and to be of full force and effect in the said Colony, with and under the same penalties, *mutatis mutandis*, in all respects as if the said laws had been specially mentioned and enacted in the said Proclamation of the 19th day of November, A. D. 1858.

Short Title.

II. This Act may be cited as "The Sunday Observance Act, 1862."

Issued under the Public Seal of the said Colony, at Victoria, Vancouver Island, this 22nd day of August, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty-two, and in the twenty-sixth year of Her Majesty's reign.

By me, JAMES DOUGLAS.

By His Excellency's Command,  
WILLIAM A. G. YOUNG.  
GOD SAVE THE QUEEN.

### FRESH VEGETABLES.

THE SUBSCRIBER is now prepared to supply the City with Fresh Vegetables of all sorts, in season, at the most moderate rates.

S. W. HERRING.  
Herring's Ranch, July 4th, 1862.

### New Advertisements.

## British Columbia STAGE COMPANY.

(LIMITED.)

THE COMPANY'S STAGES, carrying Passengers and Express Freight, run regularly between Douglas and Lillooet, Leaving each Town every morning.

FINE GOODS are conveyed, with dispatch, over the route in Light Four-Horse Waggon.

For further information, apply to

STEWART, MELDRUM & CO.,

HENRY HOLBROOK,

and at the Company's Offices in Douglas and Lillooet, see 1m

## In the Supreme Court of Civil Justice of British Columbia.

### General Order.

I. From and after the date hereof, the Rules and Practice of all proceedings in this Court shall, as nearly as may be, conform to the rules and practice of the Superior Courts of Common Law and Equity in England, and any General Order of this Court inconsistent therewith is hereby discharged.

II. From and after the date hereof the fees hitherto charged shall be discontinued, and shall henceforth be charged at the same rate as in the Superior Courts of Common Law and Equity in England, with the exception that in office copies of any Documents or Records which shall be chargeable at the rate of one shilling per folio.

III. Every appeal from a Gold Commissioner, and the proceedings thereon, shall, as to the Court Fees chargeable in respect thereof, be treated as the delivery of the record at Nisi Prius in any action at Law, and the proceedings subsequent thereto.

MATT. B. BEGGIE, J.  
Quesselle Mouth, 25th July, 1862. se6 1m

### Fruit Trees and Seeds

—FROM THE—

## BALMORAL NURSERY,

SALT SPRING ISLAND.

THIS WELL-KNOWN NURSERY, situated within the Colony, will have ready for the market this fall an excellent assortment of Grafted Apple, Pear, Plum and Cherry Trees. Also, Gooseberries, Currants, Strawberries, Grapes, Garden Seeds, &c., &c., which will be sold at reasonable prices for Cash. J. BEGGIE, from the Nursery, will be at New Westminster about the 1st of October next, with an assortment of Trees and Seeds, and orders left with Mr. W. J. Armstrong, New Westminster, will receive prompt attention. Send in orders early, so as to ensure a good variety.  
August 18th, 1862. au20 3m

### CITY BAKERY

—AND—

## COFFEE SALOON.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform his friends, and the public generally, that he has removed to his new and commodious establishment on the Corner of Columbia and Hall Streets.

where he hopes to receive from a generous and discriminating public an extended patronage, commensurate with his increased facilities for accommodating them.

Coffee, Tea, Chocolate, Pies and Cakes,

supplied at all hours, and at reduced rates.

Orders for WEDDINGS and PARTIES promptly attended to.

JAMES ALLAN, au23

New Westminster, Aug. 18, 1862.

## Government Bakery

—AND—

## FAMILY GROCERY.

—AND—

PHILIP HICK,

LYTTON SQUARE,

KEEPS constantly on hand, and is selling at very low prices,

Wholesale and Retail,

a choice assortment of

GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS,

BREAD, PIES, CAKES, BISCUIT, &c.

Parties proceeding to

CARIBOO

will find a complete supply of such articles as they require in this establishment.

THOMAS CUNNINGHAM. GEORGE R. ASHWELL. ju7 1f

NEW

## Furniture and Stove

—AND—

## Emporium.

—AND—

THE SUBSCRIBERS would announce to the inhabitants of New Westminster, and British Columbia generally, that they have removed their

Furniture and Stove Warehouse

to their New Building, Columbia Street, and having made arrangements for

DIRECT IMPORTATION

—FROM THE—

BEST MARKETS,

are prepared to sell all articles in their line at the

LOWEST POSSIBLE PRICES.

Orders are respectfully invited from all parts of the Colony, and will receive prompt and careful attention.

CUNNINGHAM & ASHWELL.

New Westminster, July 29th, 1862. ju30

### New Advertisements.

## MACDONALD'S UNION HOTEL.

THE PROPRIETOR has just enlarged and finished in good style the above House, and hopes by strict attention to business, and the comfort of guests, to merit a share of the travelling community.

Private Rooms

fitted up with all the

LATEST IMPROVEMENTS.

Douglas, B. C., August 12th, 1862. 1c

## J. A. WEBSTER.

—AND—

## NEW DRY GOODS

JUST RECEIVED.

—AND—

SILKS, Poplins, Cashmeres, Be Reges, Organdies, Princettas, Lawns, Brillantes, Mohairs, Madonnas, D'Laimes, Worsted and Dress Goods of every description. A very large selection of

HOYLE'S ENGLISH PRINTS,

Cashmere, Chenille, Woolen and Tweed Scarfs and Square Shawls, Cloth, Tweed, Black and Colored Mantles, fashionable styles, Black Silk and Lace Mantillas, Penelope, Victoria and Eugenie Collars, Laces, Embroideries and Ruffings, all widths. An assortment of

Ladies', Gents', Miss's, and Children's

HOSIERY.

Habits, Lisle Thread, Silk, Kid and Fawn Gloves and Gauntlets, Damasks, Linens, Hollands, Towelings, Sheetings, Ticks, Shirtings, Flannels, in great variety.

Curtains and Curtain Fixtures.

—AND—

EX "SPEEDY" FROM LONDON.

English Clothing,

Embracing Tweed Suits, Tweed and Cassimere Sack and Frock Coats, Tweed and Cassimere Pants and Vests, Alpaca, Silk and Mohair Coats, Lisle Coats and Pants.

A LARGE INVOICE OF

ENGLISH STRAW HATS,

Cariboo, white and colored, and Albert Mourning Hats, Felt and Cassimere Hats, late styles.

—AND—

BOOTS & SHOES.

English Balmoral and Watertight Boots,

Blucher and Oxford Shoes,

Nail Napoleon Mining Boots,

Riding Boots,

Calf, Carpet and Morocco Slippers,

Ladies', Miss's and Infant's Boots and Shoes, of every size and description.

Ladies' Elastic Boots, Side Lace and Balmoral, French Dress Calf Sewed Boots,

Calf and Enamelled Gaiter Boots.

Balmoral Skirts, Hoop Skirts, at all prices.

Ladies' Velvet, Bearice, Muslin, Turban and Jockey Hats, in Felt, Straw and Neapolitan.

Children's Hats and Turbans, all sizes.

FLOOR OIL CLOTHS, 1, 1 1/2, 2, 2 1/2 yards wide, Table Oil Cloths.

WALL-PAPER, &c., and a host of Goods too numerous to mention, which are opened and ready for inspection, at

J. A. WEBSTER'S, Columbia-street.

—AND—

Mosquitoes! Mosquitoes!

A lot of Mosquito Netting, all colors.

Rubber Blankets, Rubber Boots, White, Green, Blue and Red Blankets, Overshirts, Pants, and Miners' Outfits, at

J. A. WEBSTER'S, Columbia street, New Westminster.

—AND—

## BRITISH COLUMBIA AND VICTORIA EXPRESS COMPANY.

—AND—

Victoria to Cariboo,

—AND—

Her Majesty's Mails.

CARRYING

THIS COMPANY will make regular trips, Summer and Winter, between Antler City and Victoria, dispatching Messengers to all the Mining Camps in

CARIBOO.

Carrying Treasure, Letters, Papers and Valuables, Purchasing Drafts on San Francisco, New York, Canada and London, executing Commissions, making Collections, passing Goods through the Customs, Forwarding and transacting the business of Expressmen generally, calling at all Cities, Towns, and Wayside Houses on

BOTH THE

Douglas-Lillooet & Yale-Lytton Routes.

Traders ordering Goods may avail themselves of the services of this Company to advantage. Orders handed to any of the Messengers will be executed by Mr. Barnard personally, who has had considerable experience in the Victoria Market, and will make every effort to purchase on the most favorable terms.

July 18th, 1862. ju30

## PUBLIC NOTICE.

ALL PERSONS having claims against the Estate of the late MAX WILLIAM FIFER, of Port Yale, British Columbia, are requested to forward to me a statement of such claims, before the 10th September next.

C. BREW, Administrator to the Estate. aug

## MILK.

THE SUBSCRIBER would inform his customers, and the public, that he will continue regularly to supply the city during the summer season with new milk of the best quality.

S. W. HERRING. ju3 1f

Herring's Ranch, 2nd July, 1862.

### New Advertisements.

## BALLOU'S EXPRESS.

ESTABLISHED JUNE, 1858,

CONNECTING WITH

Wells, Fargo & Co.,

AT VICTORIA,

FOR ALL PARTS OF THE WORLD,

AHEAD OF THE MAILS,

Conveying Goods, Wares, Merchandise of every description, Treasure, LETTERS, Parcels, Packages, &c., with unequalled dispatch, in charge of

Confidential & Experienced Messengers,

TO ALL PARTS OF

CARIBOO,

QUESNELLE, THOMPSON, AND FRASER RIVER MINES.

—AND—

Having no Mails to delay us, we go to every Camp, and Sell Papers, Deliver Letters, &c.

—AND—

We buy Goods on Commission,

Pay Duties and Advance Money,

Do Custom House Brokerage,



## The British Columbian.

NEW WESTMINSTER, SATURDAY, SEPT. 6.

**PROFESSOR BUSHELL.**—The Columbia Theatre (late El Dorado) was well attended on Thursday evening, and the Professor's experiments in electricity were watched with interest, eliciting occasional applause. The feature of the evening was Electro-Biology. We need only endorse our former opinion that Professor Busshell is master of his profession. His power over those who go forward is as remarkable as conical, and affords a pleasant evening's amusement. Tonight brings his lectures to a close.

**PRISON RETURN.**—The following is an abstract of prison return for the month of August, kindly furnished by Mr. C. J. Prichard, Warden of the Jail in this city:—In Jail on the 1st of the month, 23; received during the month, 11; discharged during the month, 10; in Jail on the 31st of the month, 24.

**THANKS TO MR. W. F. HERRE** of the News Depot, Victoria, V.I., for a supply of Eastern and California papers.

To the Editor of the British Columbian.

Sir,—In submitting my Essay on British Columbia for publication, I wish to remark that I do so at the request of citizens who are deeply interested in the welfare of the Colony, and who have looked upon the action of the Government with regard to the Essays, of which this is one—as undignified and unjust. This, together with your very liberal offer to publish it, induced me to consent thereto. No doubt it will receive a severe criticism at the hands of those servile Judges (and their friends) who condemned the former Essays. But I ask no quarter. In writing this Essay I was governed by one motive, namely, to answer such questions as are generally put by the intending emigrant, and give such information as would be intelligible to that class of immigrants who are the bone and sinew of a new Colony, leaving it to the learned gentlemen to wander away into those labyrinths of abstruse thought physics which are so edifying, and so well calculated for the drawing-room.

JAMES KENNEDY.

## THE ESSAY.

**WHAT ARE THE CAPABILITIES, RESOURCES, AND ADVANTAGES OF BRITISH COLUMBIA, AS A COLONY FOR SETTLEMENT? OR WHY IS BRITISH COLUMBIA A DESIRABLE PLACE FOR COLONIZATION?**

In answering the above questions I will endeavor to show the Capabilities, Resources, and Advantages of British Columbia, as a Colony for settlement.

1. It is a desirable place for colonization, because it is connected with the most stable and liberal Government in the world.

2. Because it has a most healthy climate.

3. Because it is an extensive country.

4. Because it contains most extensive and diversified resources.

5. And also because, from its geographical position, it must necessarily become one of the most important commercial countries in the world.

## BRITISH GOVERNMENT.

The British Government is so universally understood, and acknowledged to be the best under the sun, that it seems unnecessary to attempt to prove it. Its great characteristic feature is progress, its great charter is human liberty, obtained by moral power, and its religion is of the Bible.

## COLONIAL GOVERNMENT.

Her Colonial Government has also been a work of progress. Its first stage is provisional, that of a Governor alone. (Such is British Columbia at present.) The next stage depends on circumstances, whether it be an irresponsible Legislative Council, such as Canada had previous to the rebellion of 1837, or full Responsible Government, such as Canada now has. No doubt the next stage for British Columbia will be nothing short of full Responsible Government. Under the present, we enjoy all the rights of British subjects. We have, perhaps, the best pre-emptive land system in the world, by which every British subject, or alien who intends becoming one, can procure his choice of a homestead for one dollar per acre, with almost unlimited time to pay for it. It is true, that under the present system of government there are grievances complained of, but those complaints are, perhaps, as great an evidence of the grumbling character of the British people, under whatever government, as they are of the existence of the grievances complained of.

## CLIMATE—COMPARED WITH CANADA AND THE UNITED STATES.

The climate of British Columbia, though somewhat varied, is most healthy. The south-western portion—that lying between the Gulf of Georgia and the Cascade Mountains—is very much like the climate of the British Isles, only the summer is warmer, and the winter, if anything, is milder. This is especially so all up the valley of the noble Fraser. Between the Cascades and the Rocky Mountains is a succession of hill and dale, or mountain and valley, interspersed with stretches of rolling prairie. Here the climate is varied, the prairies and valleys being mild in winter, whilst the mountain tops are covered with perpetual snow. But perhaps the best evidence of the healthiness of the country that could be adduced, would be the general absence of sickness, both amongst the miners, who have been very much exposed, and also those who live in towns, whose abodes have been of the most frail and temporary character. There is an entire absence of that deadly miasma, which is the fruitful source of so much sickness and debility wherever it is produced. Fevers, ague and dysentery, with all their concomitants and issues, are unknown. It is true there are rich bottom lands, where vegetation is very rank, and would no doubt produce the cause of those diseases to which I have referred, and which have proved so baneful to the health and happiness of so many who have immigrated to the United States, and even to Canada—healthy as that Colony may be in other respects—but whilst in Canada, and in the United States more especially, the nights in summer are intolerably hot, which is no doubt the producing cause of this miasma.

## TEMPERATURE.

In British Columbia, although the thermometer may indicate a heat, in the shade, of 90° in the former part of the day, yet towards noon that health-giving breeze from the Pacific sets inland, wafting its way throughout every valley and mountain pass from the coast to the Rocky Mountains, but not to stop there, for, to quote the words of a celebrated American geologist whom I once heard speak on the natural position and resources of the country, which was then only known as the "Hudson Bay Company's Territory on the Pacific." "The Pacific breezes are felt far east of the Rocky Mountains, their influences are diffused far into the valleys of the Saskatchewan and Athabasca Rivers, which is no doubt the cause of such mild winters in these high latitudes; the same breezes that dispel all noxious vapors on the sea coast, and render it at midsummer a luxury to sleep under a three-point blanket, also render it (in those high latitudes—near the Rocky Mountains) tolerable at midwinter for the buffalo, the elk, and even man himself, to exist as comfortably as if located on the banks of the Tweed."

That same individual in course of his remarks predicted, that "at no distant day, from the Atlantic through to the Pacific, on British territory, there would be the greatest thoroughfare the world had yet seen."

## PURE WATER.

But its healthy climate can be accounted for from other causes. Its pure water is a source of health and happiness. It abounds with lakes and rivers, fed by thousands of dancing, sparkling streams, which greet the traveller every where, whose sources are the snow-clad mountains.

## CONTRASTED WITH AUSTRALIA.

What a happy contrast this presents compared with Australia in this respect. I have chosen Australia, not for the purpose of making any invidious comparisons, but simply to show that notwithstanding its tropical climate, (which was at one time held forth as an inducement to emigrants,) there exist some very serious (in their results) natural drawbacks to those Colonies, that fortunately are not to be found in British Columbia. And as the object of this Essay is to illustrate the superior advantages that will accrue to him and his posterity who will settle in British Columbia, I will take the liberty of introducing a few incidents and observations in my own experience in Australia, for the purpose of showing that climate, and other natural causes, have a powerful influence in forming the habits and moral character of a people, and consequently that British Columbia, from its climate and other natural advantages, will be most favorable in forming the habits and good moral character of its inhabitants, and is therefore a most desirable Colony for settlement.

## OBSERVATIONS IN AUSTRALIA.

Eight years ago in April last I landed in Melbourne, Australia. The first thing that drew my attention was the temperate habits of the people, especially of those who had either been raised or lived a considerable time in the country. In travelling to the mines I found there were scarcely any pure running streams of water. There were watering-places at certain localities, provided by making dams across ravines, where torrents flowed in the rainy season. After standing a month or two, exposed to the hot sun and all the filth that was collected by cattle going into it to drink, it became a very unpleasant beverage as well as a very unhealthy one. I remember the first night we camped after leaving Melbourne, a number of us who had been shipwrecked had hired a drayman to carry our traps to Bendigo. When we came to the first station (as he called it), we were first made acquainted with one of those mud-pools. The day had been hot, and the endless string of travellers to and fro kept the clouds of dust in perpetual motion. Our "denies," which had been filled with water before leaving Melbourne, had been emptied long before we came to the station, and we were anxiously looking forward for a refreshing stream, when we would come to camp for the night. You may fancy our disappointment when we arrived there; instead of a clear stream we found a pond full of all sorts of filth. The drayman having furnished himself with a keg of rum instead of water, said that "we must be green to undertake such a journey without some kind of spirits to drink." And sure enough, we suffered on the journey for something to drink. We all got dysentery, and in two weeks three of us number died. If any thing will drive a man to drink, it is the want of good water. I found, in travelling through the country, that in every house spirituous liquor was used as common as water is, when it is the only beverage; in the Australian Colonies, the people are continual drinkers, and I might say drunkards. In Sydney I have often seen youths of from eight to twelve years of age, in companies of four or five, walk into a tavern and call for their rum, and drink it as consequently as if they had been old staggers.

I have also seen what was more revolting to a true sense of propriety—young women walk into a side parlor and sit down and call for their drink, as unblushingly as if it had been one of the most fashionable practices. I asked the landlady at one place on a certain occasion, if those young ladies were respectable. She answered, "yes," that it was quite customary, and thought nothing of it. Coming from a land of teetotallers, and cold-water societies, I was horrified at such things. Before leaving that country, from all that I had observed, I was quite confident that the nature of the climate, together with the great scarcity of good water, was the chief cause of the drinking habits, and consequently, of a very demoralized state of society. But Australia is not the only country where climate has a degenerating effect upon its inhabitants; all enervating climates favor the same habits and evils.

## NATURAL RESULTS OF CLIMATE.

The climate of British Columbia is happily a medium, and in that zone of the earth where commerce, literature, the arts and sciences, and moral worth, seem best to prosper. It is therefore capable of raising a sober and healthy population, sound in mind and body, and free from many of the ills which flesh is heir to under less favorable circumstances.

(TO BE CONTINUED NEXT WEEK.)

## New Advertisements.

## S. T. TILLEY, BOOKSELLER AND STATIONER, COLUMBIA STREET, NEW WESTMINSTER.

IS IMPORTING by nearly every steamer from San Francisco and Victoria, an assortment of

English and American Novels, Sound Books, comprising all the Standard Works,

POETRY AND FICTION, a fine assortment of

Family and Small Pocket Bibles, Wesleyan Hymn and Presbyterian Psalm Books,

Catholic and Church of England Prayer and Hymn Books.

## STATIONERY.

Blank Cards of every description and color. Foolscap, Folio Post, Letter and Note Paper of every size and quality, all sizes and colors of Envelopes to suit the various descriptions of paper.

Memorandum and Blank Books, Consisting of Metallic Note-Books, Pass and Cargo Books, Tune Books, Truck Memorandums, of all kinds and sizes, Ledgers, Journals, Cash and Day Books, full and half-bound, Red, Blue, Black, and Indelible Inks, in bottles of all sizes. Steel and Quill Pens, Sealing-wax, of all colors, Sails, Red Tapes, and

Every other Article in the Stationery Line.

Musical Instruments, (DIRECT FROM SAN FRANCISCO.) Guitars, Banjos, Violins, Accordions, Flutinas, Clarionets, Flutes, etc., etc.

Newspapers and Periodicals. The latest Newspapers of the day received from all parts of the world, if required. All British and American Reviews, Magazines, Periodicals, and New Novels, by the best Authors, received by every steamer.

Maps, Plans, &c. Plans of all the Cities and Towns on the Fraser River, Maps of Cariboo and the whole country West of the Rocky Mountains.

All of the above will be sold at Victoria prices, with the duties added. Orders from the Upper Country punctually attended to. Orders for articles not in Stock, can be obtained with the utmost dispatch.

S. T. TILLEY, Colonial Book Store, New Westminster, July 8th, 1862. j59

For Sale or to Let, THE ELDERADO BUILDING, WITH OR WITHOUT FIXTURES, Also for Sale, a Billiard Table, COMPLETE.

Wooden Bed, light, and easy to pack up the country. Price, \$300. Duty paid. Apply at the Colonial Hotel, New Westminster. June 20th, 1862. j621

EDWARD DINSLEY. J. S. FORREST.

DINSLEY & FORREST

RESPECTFULLY announce to the Inhabitants of New Westminster, and the travelling public generally, that having leased the premises known as Hardie's Hotel, on Lytton Square, and having thoroughly renovated the establishment, they are now prepared to accommodate a large number of Travellers and Lodgers. Having secured the services of a first-class French Cook, they flatter themselves that the Restaurant will compare favorably with any on the Pacific Coast.

In the Saloon will at all times be found a complete stock of Liquors and Cigars, of the choicest brands. Obliging waiters in attendance, and no pains spared in order to make guests feel comfortable and at home.

DINSLEY & FORREST, Proprietors. New Westminster, June 10th, 1862. j611

BONDED WAREHOUSE. HENRY HOLBROOK, COMMISSION MERCHANT, LIVERPOOL WHARF, NEW WESTMINSTER.

BONDED AND FREE STORAGE for 600 tons Goods. Every accommodation given to Goods landed on the Liverpool Wharf, for shipment up river.

A large assortment of Goods for sale at Victoria prices, with the duty added.

AGENT FOR THE Colonial Life Assurance Company, 5 George Street, Edinburgh. CAPITAL, \$5,000,000.

Full information will be given on application, and orders respectfully requested. j59 if

BOSTON BAR HOTEL, BAKERY AND PROVISION STORE.

THE Subscribers flatter themselves that they will give entire satisfaction to all who may favor them with their patronage. A stock of the choicest

Liquors and Cigars constantly on hand. Also, Bread, Biscuit, Cakes, Pies, etc. Prices very low. JOLIEUR & CO. Boston Bar, B. C., June 25, 1861. j627

FOR SALE, TWO VALUABLE CORNER LOTS IN THE TOWN OF YALE. For particulars apply to

ROBSON & JAMES, Land and General Agents. Lytton Square, New Westminster, July 8, 1862. if

## New Advertisements.

## Food for the Million! FAMIL Y Grocery and Provision Store.

THE UNDERSIGNED begs to inform the public that having purchased the business hitherto carried on by MOODY & CO., he has removed to Cunningham & Ashwell's New Building, where, in addition to the original stock, he has just opened out a new and

CHOICE ASSORTMENT OF Fresh Groceries, Provisions,

GENERAL OILMAN'S STORES,

which he is prepared to sell at the LOWEST REMUNERATIVE PRICES.

Business connections have been formed with Houses in Oregon, by which he will receive by every steamer, and keep constantly on hand,

Fresh Butter and Eggs, FRUITS IN SEASON.

A. McALISTER. New Westminster, Aug. 22, 1862. au23

THOMSON & TOWERS, PACKERS,

WISH TO NOTIFY THE PUBLIC that they are prepared to forward all

GOODS CONSIGNED TO THEIR CARE FROM

LILLOOET to any point in the

CARIBOO COUNTRY,

at moderate rates. DISPATCH will be their motto, and every effort made to give satisfaction to those who may favor them with their patronage.

Lillooet, June 20th, 1862. j628 Press please copy.

FOR SALE! HOMESTEADS AND VALUABLE REAL ESTATE.

Building Lots from \$10 to \$200 Each! Also, 50 Vara Lots and Entire Blocks of Beautiful Garden Land!

IN THE CITY AND COUNTY OF SAN FRANCISCO! on the line of the San Jose Railroad at the WEST-END DEPOT. The title is absolutely PERFECT, being a Spanish Grant, finally confirmed and patented by the United States.

The Shafter Bill respects this Title. The City Authorities respect it. The District Courts and Supreme Court of the United States respect it.

Besides the Title has been forever quieted by a Final Decree and Judgment against the City!

So that there is not even a cloud or shadow upon it. Whoever purchases one of these lots will buy a lot and not a lawsuit.

Office, No. 10 Nagle's Building, corner of Montgomery and Merchant streets, San Francisco. HARVEY S. BROWN. j530

Notice. IS hereby given, that by Deed, dated the eleventh day of June, 1862, Benjamin Frederick Moses and Joseph M. Bryant of New Westminster, British Columbia, Merchants and Apothecaries, conveyed all their Estate and Effects unto John McAdoo Work, of Victoria, Vancouver Island, Trader, and Henry Holbrook, of New Westminster, Merchant, Trustees on behalf, and for the benefit of all the creditors of the said Benjamin Frederick Moses and Joseph M. Bryant, who should assent to the said conveyance; and that the said deed was executed by the said parties, in the presence of Andis & Hest, by Robert S. Bishop, of Government Street, Victoria, Solicitor, and the same now lies at the office of Mr. W. Tyrwhitt Drake, Solicitor, Government Street, for the signatures of creditors.

Dated 12th June, 1862. j619

BONDED WAREHOUSE. 500 Tons Storage.

THE NEW FIRE-PROOF BRICK WAREHOUSE, in Lytton Square, New Westminster, has been declared by the Government to be a Bonded Warehouse on and after this date.

Merchants and Shippers to British Columbia, who wish to store merchandise in bond or duty free, are notified that 500 tons can be stored in the New Brick Warehouse.

HARRIS & CO. New Westminster, October 28, 1861. n7 6m

M. J. BLACKMAN, MANUFACTURER OF Tin, Copper, and Sheet Iron,

AND DEALER IN Stoves, Tinware, Hardware, Crockery, and Glassware.

JOBBER done in a neat manner, and with dispatch. LEADERS and GUTTERS made on short notice, and at reasonable prices.

New Westminster, April 28, 1862. ap30 if

P. SMITH & CO., PACKERS,

—OVER THE— Douglas and Lillooet Route, Are still Packing and Forwarding Goods to

LILLOOET, And are prepared to forward

250 TONS PER MONTH, At Moderate Rates.

All Goods marked in our care will be received and forwarded without delay.

P. SMITH & CO., Packers, Douglas and Lillooet, B. C. au8

## New Advertisements.

## THE DOCTOR FOR ALL! HOLLOWAY'S PILLS.

## GREAT COMPLAINTS.

No diseases are more frequent, few more dangerous, than affections of the respiratory organs. The first symptoms of catarrh, bronchitis, and influenza, may be radically removed by Holloway's renowned Pills. They quickly remove any temporary stagnation of blood, relieve any overcharged veins, moderate the hurried breathing, and enable the lungs to do their office with ease and regularity. These Pills, by their purifying powers, cleanse the blood from all impurities, and fortify the system against consumption, asthma, and similar complaints.

## STOMACH, LIVER, KIDNEYS AND BOWELS.

From various causes these organs are frequently getting out of order, and require some suitable medicine to regulate them. Holloway's Pills meet this object with wonderful celerity and certainty. They do not distress the system, or weaken the frame; they thoroughly invigorate the digestive organs. They gently excite the stomach and liver, stimulate the kidneys to perform their functions efficiently, and act upon the bowels without griping or any other annoyance; again, taken an hour before dinner, they cannot be equalled as a "Dinner Pill," as they entirely prevent acidity, flatulency, nausea, and biliousness.

## WINDY OR WATERY DROPSY.

Whoever is afflicted with these complaints, should at once have recourse to Holloway's Pills. They act most energetically on the glandular and absorbent system, purify the blood, and impart a vigour which other causes may have temporarily taken away. They excite the kidneys to increased activity, and thereby stimulate the absorbents to remove the fluid already collected.

## DISORDERS PECULIAR TO WOMEN.

There is no medicine equal to Holloway's Pills for correcting the ailments incidental to females. They may be taken with safety for any irregularity of the system. As they remove all cause of malady, and so restore, by their grand purifying properties, females of all ages to robust health.

## INFECENZA, DIPHTHERIA AND SORE THROAT.

How all-important it is to check the first departure from health! all may do so by taking Holloway's Pills, without risk or restriction. In all diseases affecting the blood, nerves, and muscles, or in cases of fever, sore throat, colds, coughs, asthma, and shortness of breath, the earlier they are taken the better.

## CHILDREN'S COMPLAINTS.

Diseases incidental to children, such as feverish attacks, scarlet fever, measles, and all diseases of the skin, may be immediately checked, and soon cured, by these purifying Pills, which may be reduced to a powder, and given in doses of one, two, or three nightly, according to the age of the sufferer. Holloway's Ointment is soothing, cooling, and healing, and is better adapted than any other remedy for all external ailments.

## INDIGESTION, BILE AND SICK HEADACHES.

No organ in the human body is so liable to disorder as the liver, and none is more apt, when neglected, to become seriously diseased. When nausea, flatulency or acidity on the stomach, warns us that digestion is not proceeding properly, Holloway's Pills regulate every function, give strength to every organ, speedily remove all causes of indigestion, bile and sick headaches, and effect a permanent cure.

## LUMBAGO, RHEUMATISM AND GOUT.

In these diseases the blood is always in a highly inflammatory state; the stomach is also disordered, and the liver and kidneys unaccountably torpid. A few doses of these Pills, taken in time, will rectify all these symptoms by their cooling and purifying properties.

Holloway's Pills are the best remedy known in the world for the following diseases:

Ague	Female Irritation	Retention of Urine
Biliousness	Scalding of the Bladder	Scrophulous, or King's Evil
Blisters on the skin	Fever of the kinds	Sore Throats
Bowel Complaints	Fits	Stone and Gravel
Colic	Gout	Secondary Syphilis
Conspiration of the Bowels	Head-ache	Tic Douloureux
Consumption	Inflammation	Tumours
Debility	Jundice	Ulcers
Dropsy	Liver Complaints	Veneral Affections
Dysentery	Lumbago	Weakness of all kinds
Erysipelas	Piles	Whatever cause, &c., &c.
	Rheumatism	

Sold at the establishment of PROFESSOR HOLLOWAY, 244, Strand, (near Temple Bar) London; also by all respectable Druggists and Dealers in medicines throughout the civilized world, at the following prices:—1s. 1ld., 2s. 6d., 4s. 6d., 11s., 22s., and 33s. 7d. each Box.

\* \* \* There is a considerable saving by taking the larger sizes.

N. B.—Directions for the guidance of patients in every disorder are affixed to each box.

CURTIS & MOORE, and LANGLEY BROS. & Co., Agents, Yates-st., Victoria, V.I. 627 1y

## SAFEST SAFES!



SOLE AGENT for Tilton & McFarland's celebrated Fire-proof and Burglar Safes. This safe is well known in the market for its unsurpassed fire-proof quality, having withstood in California, as well as in the East, the hottest fire known. We can refer to endless certificates from parties in our mining towns, where these safes have been subjected to the most severe tests of its fire-proof qualities. The safe is secured by our Combination Lock. This lock is in every respect the most secure one in use; it requires the key and combination to open the safe. If the key should be abstracted from the owner, it would be perfectly useless to the possessor without his knowledge of the combination, or mental key, which the owner carries in his head.

To those in want of a reliable safe we offer the above cheaper than any other in the market.

A large assortment on hand and to arrive.

F. TILMAN, 90 Battery-st., San Francisco. ap11

PIONEER SALOON.

## Mr. J. T. SCOTT

HAS THE PLEASURE of informing his old friends, and the travelling public generally, that he is still to be found at the north-east corner of Lytton-square, where the thirsty are invited to call and try a sample

## —OF HIS—

Wines, Ales and Liquors, which he flatters himself are as good as can be produced in the Colony. In connection with the Saloon he has just opened a splendid

Billiard Hall, which is furnished with three first-class Billiard Tables, with marble beds and Phelan's composition cushions; and being well lighted and ventilated, possesses all the facilities for enjoying a quiet game at Billiards. jall



